

Grade 6

## Theory

Examination

August 2018

Candidate Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Mark: \_\_\_\_\_/ 100



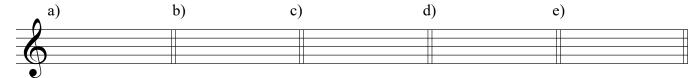
## **Grade 6 Theory - August 2018**

Candidate Number \_\_\_\_\_

	Page 1 of 5
1. Write the following scales using <b>WHOLE</b> notes.	10
d) <b>E major</b> , descending only, using a key signature and mark the semitones with a slur.	
c) G sharp minor melodic form, descending only, using accidentals instead of a key sign mark the semitones with a slur.	ature and
b) <b>B flat minor harmonic form</b> , ascending and descending, using a key signature.	
a) F minor natural form, ascending and descending, using accidentals instead of a key si	gnature.
Name the key of the following melody and transpose it <b>DOWN</b> a <b>MAJOR THIRD</b> .  Name the <b>new key</b> .	10
Allegro  mp  Key:	>
New Kev:	

10

- 3. Write the following using a key signature:
  - a) the supertonic triad of E flat minor in second inversion.
  - b) the **submediant triad** of **D major** in root position.
  - c) the dominant triad of D sharp minor in first inversion; based on the harmonic scale.
  - d) the subdominat triad of B major in second inversion.
  - e) the mediant triad of F sharp major in first inversion.



4. a) Write the following intervals above the given notes.

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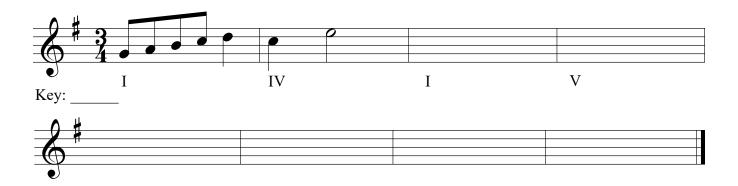
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b) Name the following intervals.



- 5. For the following given opening:
  - a) Name the key
  - b) Complete the first phrase according to the chords symbols, ending on an unstable note.
  - c) Compose a parallel phrase, ending on a stable note.
  - d) Draw appropriate phrase marks.



10 Identify the following triads by naming the Root of the chord, the Quality 6. a. (either major or minor) and the Position. Root: Root: Root: Quality: Quality: Quality: Position: Position: Position: 6. b. Add notes and accidentals to the following to form **Dominant 7th** chords in **ROOT** position. Name the major and minor key for each. Major Key: Major Key: Minor Key:\_\_\_\_ Minor Key: 10 For each of the following, name the **key** and name the **cadence**. Identify the chords by using functional chord symbols.  $\mathbf{O}$ Key:\_ Key:\_\_ Cadence Cadence Key:\_\_\_\_ Key:\_ Cadence Cadence

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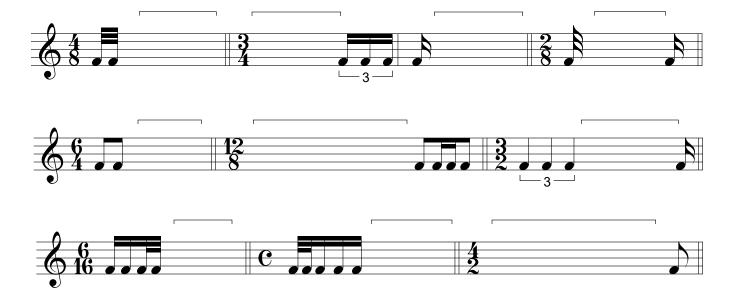
8. Match each Italian term in the left column with its English definition in the right column.

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Example: forte	<u> </u>	a) be silent
a tempo		b) very slowly and stately
tacet		c) vary the speed, not in strict time
cantabile		d) suddenly
mano sinistra, <b>M.S.</b>		e) loud
largo		f) right hand
molto		g) left hand
rubato		h) without
senza		i) very much, a great deal
subito		j) return to the original tempo
mano destra, <b>M.D.</b>		k) in a singing style

9. Add rests in the places indicated by brackets to complete each of the following measures.

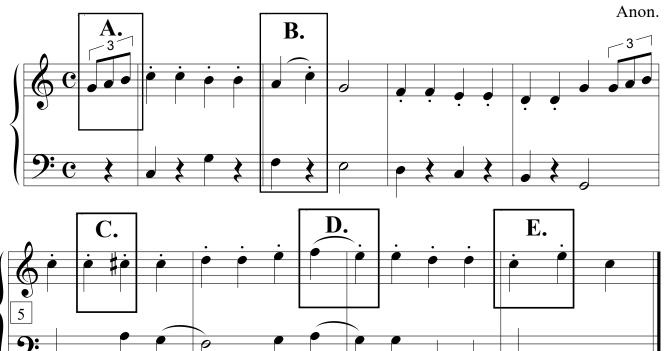
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10. Analyse this composition by answering the following questions. Use the spaces provided below.

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- a. In which **key** is this piece written?
- b. Name the **time signature** of this piece.
- c. Name the **composer** of this piece.
- d. How many **measures** are in this piece?
- e. The **triplet** at letter **A** is equal to how many quarter notes?
- f. Name the **ROOT** of the triad at letter **B.**\_\_\_\_\_
- g. Name the **interval** at letter **C**.
- h. Name the **type** of interval (harmonic or melodic) at letter **C**.
- i. What does the curved line at letter **D** indicate?
- j. What do the dots at letter **E** indicate?

## **End of Examination**

## ROUGH WORK